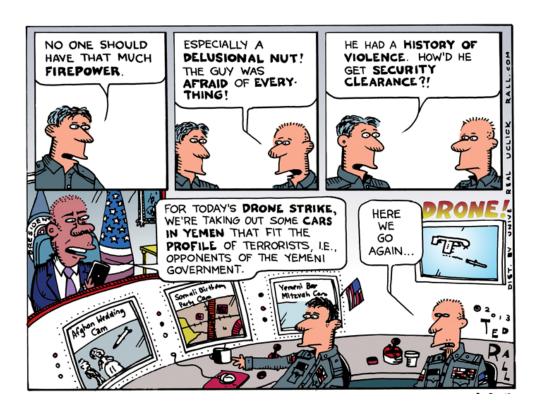
Military Resistance 11113



AFGHANISTAN THEATER

"US Foreign Fighters Suffered 23 **Combat Casualties In The Week Ending Sept 18 As The Total Rose To** 40,042"

"The Total Includes 21,093 Dead And **Wounded From What The Pentagon** Classifies As 'Hostile' Causes"

US foreign fighters in the AfPak theater under Commander-in-Chief Obama suffered 25 casualties in the week ending Sept 18 as the official casualty total for the Iraq and AfPak wars rose to 121,368.

The total includes 81,326 casualties since the US invaded Iraq in March, 2003 (Operations "Iraqi Freedom" and "New Dawn"), and 40,042 since the US invaded Afghanistan in November, 2001 (Operation "Enduring Freedom")

AFGHANISTAN THEATER: US foreign fighters suffered 23 combat casualties in the week ending Sept 18 as the total rose to 40,042.

The total includes 21,093 dead and wounded from what the Pentagon classifies as "hostile" causes and 18,949 dead or medically evacuated (as of Dec. 3, 2012) from what it calls "non-hostile" causes.

US media divert attention from the actual cost in American life and limb by reporting regularly only the total killed (6,758: 4,489 in Iraq, 2,269 in Afghanistan) but rarely mentioning those wounded in action (51,540: 32,230 in Iraq; 19,310 in Afghanistan).

They ignore the 59,908 (44,607 in Iraq, 18,463 in AfPak (as of Dec 3, 2012) military casualties injured and ill seriously enough to be medevac'd out of theater, even though the 6,758 total dead include 1,447 (961 in Iraq, 486 in Afghanistan) who died from those same "non hostile" causes, of whom almost 25% (332) were suicides (as of Jan 9, 2013) and at least 18 in Iraq from faulty KBR electrical work.

NOTE: It's unclear whether the AfPak number for WIAs at some point started to include medical evacuations for non hostile injuries and disease.

WIAs are usually updated on Wednesday at www.defenselink.mil/news/casualty.pdf

AFGHANISTAN WAR REPORTS

2 Romanian Soldiers Killed In Afghanistan

09/23/13 AP

BUCHAREST, Romania -- The defense ministry says two Romanian soldiers have died after they stepped on an improvised explosive device during a patrol in eastern Afghanistan.

The ministry said in a statement Monday the two were transported by helicopter to a military hospital at Bagram where they died of their injuries late Sunday.

The soldiers were identified as Vasile Popa, 28, on his second mission to Afghanistan, and Adrian Postelnicu, 34, who was on his first mission.

Oklahoma Soldiers Dies Of Afghanistan Wounds

September 22, 2013 U.S. Department of Defense News Release No. 677-13

Spc. James T. Wickliffchacin, 22, of Edmond, Okla., died Sept. 20 at Brooke Army Medical Center in San Antonio, Texas, of injuries sustained when an improvised explosive device detonated near his dismounted patrol during combat operations in Pul-E-Alam, Afghanistan on Aug. 12.

He was assigned to the 6th Squadron, 8th Cavalry Regiment, 4th Brigade Combat Team, Fort Stewart, Ga.

POLITICIANS REFUSE TO HALT THE BLOODSHED

THE TROOPS HAVE THE POWER TO STOP THE WAR

Intelligence Official Shot Dead In Northern Afghanistan

Sep 23 By Ghanizada, Khaama Press

An intelligence official was shot dead by unknown attackers in northern Kunduz province of Afghanistan early Monday morning, local security officials said.

Abdul Hussain was sprayed with bullets as he was riding on his motorcycle Monday morning near the city of Kunduz, the capital of the province with the same name, according to local police chief Ghulam Mohayuddin.

The incident took place around 7 am local time in Chahar Dara district.

District security chief Ghulam Mohiuddin confirming the report said Ghulam Hussain was district intelligence — national directorate of security (NDS) administrator.

This was the second government official assassinated in northern Kunduz province in less than a week. Unknown attackers assassinated independent election commission

(IEC) chief for northern Kunduz province of Afghanistan, Eng. Amaullah Aman last Wednesday.

More Resistance Action



[Graphic: flickr.com/photos]

25 September 2013 Peninsula News Paper & AP

Kabul: At least 11 Afghan border protection police officers were killed in Taliban militants attack, according to local authorities in southern Kandahar province of Afghanistan.

Officials said the incident took place in Shorabak district late on Sunday evening after Taliban militants attacked the security check-post of the border protection police forces with mortar rounds. Commander of the 3rd Zone Afghan Border Police in southern Afghanistan, General Tafsir Khan, confirmed the report and said the attack left 11 border protection police forces dead.

There was heavy fighting between police and insurgents, but the Taliban had more fighters and overcame the policemen.

There were no reports on insurgent casualties.

Taliban claimed responsibility for the attack.

Qari Yousuf Ahmadi, a spokesman for the Taliban, said at least 15 Afghan soldiers were killed.

In Zherai district, at least two police officers were killed after a member of Afghan Local Police opened fire on his colleagues.

"Amanatullah Is My Client" "For More Than Nine Years, He Has Been Held Without Charge By

The United States Military In A Vast Prison Complex At Bagram Air Force Base, In Afghanistan" "The Government Has Cleared Him For Release. It Just Will Not Release Him"

"The Government Will Not Say Why He Is Cleared For Release Or Why He Has Not Been Released"

September 17, 2013 by Eric Lewis, The New Yorker. Eric Lewis is a partner at Lewis Baach, an international litigation firm based in Washington, D.C.

Amanatullah is my client.

For more than nine years, he has been held without charge by the United States military in a vast prison complex at Bagram Air Force Base, in Afghanistan.

I have never met him.

Today, September 17th, I will try to convince a federal appeals court that some American court should review his case.

The problem is that the United States government will not say why he was captured or what he is alleged to have done—only that he is detained because he meets the "criteria for detainability."

We also know that the government has cleared him for release. It just will not release him.

The government will not say why he is cleared for release or why he has not been released.

What it will say is that a United States court has no jurisdiction to undertake these inquiries.

What do we know about Amanatullah?

We know that he is a Pakistani citizen, a rice merchant, from a village outside Faisalabad.

In 2004, he went on a business trip to Iran (which imports rice from Pakistan) and crossed into Iraq to visit Shia shrines. We know that he disappeared and was not heard from for ten months, when his family learned that he had been detained by British forces in Iraq, handed over to American troops, and then flown to Afghanistan and jailed at Bagram.

We know that he was registered originally under the wrong name, suggesting that this may be a case of mistaken identity.

We know that, for nine years, he has been prohibited from speaking to a lawyer and permitted only a few telephone calls from his family. He has five children who have not seen him for nine years.

Why was Amanatullah brought to Afghanistan?

Rendition of a prisoner from his place of capture to a third country is a grave breach of the Geneva Conventions, as is rendering someone to a war zone. Surely, there were plenty of places to detain him in Iraq. And there was a well-worn route for prisoners to be sent to Guantánamo Bay.

Again, the government will not say.

We have succeeded in obtaining affidavits from two top-level Bush-era officials, the chief of staff to Secretary of State Colin Powell and a senior C.I.A. official, both of whom have sworn that decisions as to where to detain prisoners were frequently driven by policy judgments about where they would have the fewest rights.

And Amanatullah was sent to Bagram after the United States Supreme Court had decided in Rasul v. Bush that detainees at Guantánamo Bay had the right to bring habeas corpus proceedings in a United States court.

The effort to create a complete legal black hole at Guantánamo had failed, and Bagram remained, in the government's view, a last, best chance for holding detainees indefinitely without trial or judicial review.

Why won't the government allow Amanatullah to have a habeas hearing?

Because he is in a war zone, the government argued—the one to which it brought him.

Because it could interfere with the war effort and divert military resources. Because a court telling the military what to do could diminish the prestige of the military in Afghanistan and bring aid and comfort to the enemy.

By any rational analysis, these are slogans rather than arguments based on facts.

The military complex at Bagram is a huge fortress city, where Afghan detainees are being tried every day under the supervision and guidance of the U.S. military.

Amanatullah, however, is not an Afghan, so he is maintained in a new, separately built facility for third-country nationals.

If Amanatullah were given a habeas hearing, it would not divert the war effort; one could argue that if there's a distraction, it's his detention.

Bagram is run not by combat units but by a joint task force, whose job it is to run the prison and court complex.

And a habeas hearing would focus on what Amanatullah allegedly did in Iraq, information presumably known to the British troops in Iraq who detained him and kept on a Pentagon system database.

Will the prestige of the military be diminished if a United States court accords basic human rights and dignity to a rice merchant from Pakistan?

Will the freeing of an innocent man through the Great Writ give aid and comfort to the enemy?

I would suggest that providing Amanatullah with his day in a United States court, even at this late date, would achieve just the opposite.

SOMALIA WAR REPORTS

Al-Shabab Defends Nairobi Attack: Military Spokesman Explains To Al Jazeera Why Mall Siege Was Launched, And What Will Happen Next

[Thanks to Johanna Pettit]

23 Sep 2013 by Hamza Mohamed, Al Jazeera

Mogadishu, Somalia - Al-Shabab - the al-Qaeda-linked Somali-based group - has claimed responsibility for an attack in the Kenyan capital Nairobi.

Al Jazeera's Hamza Mohamed interviewed al-Shabab's spokesman for military operations, Sheikh Abulaziz Abu Muscab, as the siege at the mall entered its third day.

Abulaziz spoke about why the group attacked Nairobi now.

Al Jazeera: It is more than two years since Kenyan troops went into Somalia to fight al-Shabab. Why did al-Shabab attack Nairobi now?

Sheikh Abulaziz Abu Muscab: We have been late in attacking Nairobi. We did not attack before because they were expecting us to attack.

Our aim is to attack our enemy when they least expect us to attack. This time they were not expecting us to attack. We choose when to attack, and best time to attack.

AJ: Is this al-Shabab's first attack in Nairobi?

SA: Thats not the importing thing. The important thing is it is us who attacked now. It is not important to say we attacked before or not.

AJ: This attack is happening at Westgate Mall, which, when the attack started, was full of shoppers. Why is al-Shabab attacking a place that is full of civilians?

SA: The place we attacked is Westgate shopping mall.

It is a place where tourists from across the world come to shop, where diplomats gather.

It is a place where Kenya's decision-makers go to relax and enjoy themselves. Westgate is a place where there are Jewish and American shops. So we have to attack them.

On civilian deaths, Kenya should first be asked why they bombed innocent Somali civilians in refugee camps, why they bombed innocent people in Gedo and Jubba regions.

They should be asked that first before us.

AJ: Al-Shabab claims to work to protect Muslims and Somalis in particular. Some of the people killed in this attack suggests otherwise.

SA: History supports our claim. We are the only ones protecting Somalis and Somalia.

We are the only group fighting Somalia's historic enemies. We are the only one who can say "no" to Somalis' enemies. On the loss of lives, there were Kenyan soldiers firing back at our fighters. There was an exchange of gunfire. There is no evidence it was our bullets that killed them.

We released all Muslims when we took control of the mall. Witnesses have backed us on this.

AJ: Do you think this attack will make Kenya withdraw its troops from Somalia?

SA: That question is not for us to answer. That is for the Kenyan government to answer. It is up to them to withdraw their soldiers or not. If they don't withdraw, attacks like this will become common in Kenya. It is possible if they don't withdraw attacks like this will happen in Kenyan cities and towns every day.

AJ: Before Kenyan troops went into Somalia in October 2011, what was al-Shabab's relation with the Kenyan government?

SA: We always knew Kenya is the enemy of the Somali people. We knew this when we controlled the border towns.

Kenya invading us was not unexpected. We don't believe them and we dont trust them.

AJ: Kenya says it will go after the perpetrators of this attack and won't stop until they are defeated. What do you say to that?

SA: We are not perpetrators. We are only defending ourselves and defending our rights, the rights of the Somali people.

Today no one has a worse criminal record than the Kenyan President Uhuru Kenyatta. He's talking about tens of people killed at Westgate while he's responsible for the deaths of thousands of people killed when he was running for the presidency.

If Kenyans want to hold someone accountable for crimes they should first start with him.

AJ: Many, including the Somali and Kenyan governments, are saying al-Shabab targeting a place full of civilians is a sign of weakness, that al-Shabab is on the back foot and will soon be history. Is that the case?

SA: Whom are these people judging us? These people's weakness is public for everyone to see.

The Somali government is protected by tanks for them to stay in power.

The Kenyans rely on foreign support, even to deal with a small matter like Westgate. They asked for Western support.

AJ: Finally, Kenya has designated the Mombasa Youth Centre (MYC) as a terrorist organisation. The group has on many occasions endorsed al-Shabab. What is al-Shabab's relationship with MYC?

SA: The relations between MYC and us are the same relations between Muslims. They are our Muslim brothers. Islam is our common relation, and they have the same right from us like any other Muslim

MORE:

Kenya Shopping Mall Horror Is The High Price Of Imperial Invasion Of Somalia:

"Al Shabaab Was Part Of The Islamic Courts Movement That Restored Some Kind Of Government In 2006" "This Was Overthrown By A US-Backed Invasion" "Kenyan Troops Were Central To The Invasion Of Somalia"

24 Sep 2013 by Ken Olende, Socialist Worker UK

The shocking attack on the Westgate shopping mall in Kenya's capital Nairobi was not just mindless terrorism.

More than 60 shoppers died and nearly 200 were injured in the well-planned attack, claimed by Somali Islamist militant group al Shabaab.

Kenyan troops were central to the invasion of neighbouring Somalia in October 2011. Al Shabaab or its sympathisers have carried out more than 50 reprisal attacks in Kenya, killing at least 70 people.

Previous assaults on a much smaller scale were near the Somali border, in the coastal city of Mombasa, which has a large Muslim population. Others were in the Eastleigh area of Nairobi, where many Somali migrants live. Its previous biggest attack had been in Uganda. A series of bombs killed 60 people there on the night of the World Cup final in 2010. But when the casualties were among the poor, the attacks had little international impact.

Westgate was chosen for this operation because, as Kenyan socialist Zahid Rajan put it, "It is the venue of choice for wealthy people across the racial divide".

To most better-off Kenyans the malls like Westgate were seen as a haven from the embittered, violent country. One eyewitness tweeted, "When the first gunshot was fired, we ran into the mall instead of away".

Zahid told Socialist Worker, "There has been a fantastic humanitarian response to the scale of the tragedy. "People are volunteering to help. A special bloodbank has been set up in the city's main park. "The attackers may have thought they would divide Muslims from other Kenyans, but this hasn't worked."

Kenya's president Uhuru Kenyatta has posed as a champion of national unity since the attack. But Kenya has pulled out of the international criminal court because of his role in organising communal violence at the time of the 2007 election. Central authority collapsed in Somalia with the fall of US-backed dictator Mohammed Siad Barre in 1991.

Al Shabaab was part of the Islamic Courts movement that restored some kind of government in 2006. This was overthrown by a US-backed invasion and the group has since moved to more extreme forms of Islamism.

After the invasion by Kenyan and Ethiopian troops in 2011 it said that it supported the ideas of Al Qaida. Even Rob Wise of the US Center for Strategic and International Studies think-tank comments that it was "a relatively moderate Islamist organisation", which was driven towards Al Qaida by invasion. He added that since 2008 al Shabaab has "increasingly embraced transnational terrorism and attempted to portray itself as part of the Al Qaida-led global war on the West."

The horror in Kenya is a direct product of Western intervention.

FORWARD OBSERVATIONS



"At a time like this, scorching irony, not convincing argument, is needed. Oh had I the ability, and could reach the nation's ear, I would, pour out a fiery stream of biting ridicule, blasting reproach, withering sarcasm, and stern rebuke.

"For it is not light that is needed, but fire; it is not the gentle shower, but thunder.

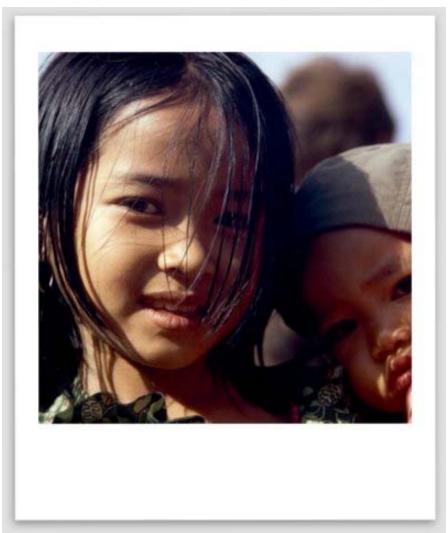
"We need the storm, the whirlwind, and the earthquake."

"The limits of tyrants are prescribed by the endurance of those whom they oppose."

Frederick Douglass, 1852

What country can preserve its liberties if its rulers are not warned from time to time that their people preserve the spirit of resistance? Let them take arms. -- Thomas Jefferson to William Stephens Smith, 1787

Post-Traumatic Mirror



An Khe, Vietnam 1970. Photo by Mike Hastie

From: Mike Hastie

To: Military Resistance Newsletter

Sent: September 24, 2013 Subject: Post-Traumatic Mirror

Post-Traumatic Mirror

When you look in the mirror and see the enemy, it terrorizes your belief system.

Mike Hastie Army Medic Vietnam

Photo and caption from the portfolio of Mike Hastie, US Army Medic, Vietnam 1970-71. (For more of his outstanding work, contact at: (hastiemike@earthlink.net) T)

One day while I was in a bunker in Vietnam, a sniper round went over my head. The person who fired that weapon was not a terrorist, a rebel, an extremist, or a so-called insurgent. The Vietnamese individual who tried to kill me was a citizen of Vietnam, who did not want me in his country. This truth escapes millions.

Mike Hastie U.S. Army Medic Vietnam 1970-71 December 13, 2004

Solution To Syria Chemical Weapons Crisis Result Of Drug And Alcohol Bender



September 24, 2013 by Courtney Massengale, The Duffel Blog

WASHINGTON, D.C. — Sources confirm that the solution to the chemical weapons crisis in Syria came as a result of an all-night bender attended by Secretary of State John Kerry and Secretary of Defense Chuck Hagel.

According to sources, Hagel texted Kerry stating that he felt overworked and needed a "wingman to blow off steam and bitch about my boss." Fellow veteran Kerry agreed, stating that he had some "righteous weed and a few pills left over from Theresa's accident."

By night's end, a peaceful political solution to Syria's use of chemical weapons against its own people was devised after hours of drinking, marijuana use and free flowing conversation.

"Yeah those two bums were down here," said Mike O'Leary, bartender at The Velvet Lounge, a D.C. dive bar. "They came in looking like they had been at it for a bit. Reeked of reefer and whiskey. But they were paying with cash and kept downing the beers on a Sunday night, so what do I care?"

"They were looking all down, and kept talking about giving up. Then they get this look and are all hugging and crying and shouting 'JUST GIVE THEM UP!'. I had to kick them out because the other patrons where complaining after the third time they launched into 'Goodnight, Irene'"

The next day, a visibly tired and dehydrated Kerry appeared in London where he offhandedly remarked that Syria give up its chemical weapons to international control could be a possible solution. Syrian and Russian diplomats seized on the remark and have begun engagements with France to bring the proposal to the UN Security Council.

When asked where the new policy came from, President Obama crossed his arms and sulked, reminding the press corps that he had won the Nobel Peace Prize and therefore does not need to eat his vegetables.

"Look, I have to get on national television and look like an idiot because I said we're going to bomb them. Now we're going to have to engage the UN, work with diplomats, have inspectors and all trippy drippy hippie peace stuff. I got the Peace Prize and if I say bombing is peaceful, then I don't think anyone has the credentials to challenge me on that."

Pentagon officials are working feverishly to locate Hagel, who did not report to formation before the Senate Armed Services Committee on time. His aide made an unverified claim that he was at a dental appointment and totally not passed out in his quarters.

If you prefer PDF to Word format, email: contact@militaryproject.org

OCCUPATION PALESTINE

Nothing New Here: Just One More Unarmed Palestinian Executed By Zionist Forces;

"A Man Killed By Israeli Forces In Jenin On Tuesday Was Executed In Cold Blood After Confirming His Identity To Soldiers"

"Kamal Al-Tubasi Said That Israeli

Forces Shot Islam In The Leg As He Lay In Bed, Before Dragging Him Downstairs And Executing Him"

September 17, 2013 Ma'an & September 19, 2013 By Tim Vlostek, The Palestine Monitor

JENIN -- A man killed by Israeli forces in Jenin on Tuesday was executed in cold blood after confirming his identity to soldiers, family members said.

Islam al-Tubasi, 22, died from gunshot wounds during an Israeli raid on Jenin refugee camp, sources said.

The soldiers used an explosive charge to blow open the front door to the family home of Islam al-Tubasi, age 19.

Al-Tubasi's brother, Ibrahim, told Ma'an that there was an explosion at the family home at around 6 a.m.

"I was sleeping on the second floor. Our house is a three-story building. I was surprised when I saw Israeli undercover forces, dressed in black, raiding the second floor. They assaulted me, and asked me my first name. When I told them my name is Ibrahim, they held me inside the bathroom on the second floor.

"They assaulted my mother who was also on the second floor," Ibrahim told Ma'an.

Another brother, Mustafa, said that after Israeli forces shot Islam in the leg they forced him to go to the roof to identity him. The soldiers then dragged Islam's body downstairs and Mustafa says he heard several more gunshots.

"I am sure that Islam was shot dead before he was transferred to hospital via military ambulance," he added.

Kamal al-Tubasi said that Israeli forces shot Islam in the leg as he lay in bed, before dragging him downstairs and executing him.

Witnesses in the camp confirmed that they saw Israeli special units enter the building and go onto the roof, where Islam was sleeping.

Clashes broke out with local residents following the shooting of al-Tubasi, with dozens of camp residents injured by stun grenades, tear gas and live fire.

Salah Nael Ghazzawi, 13, was shot in the leg and taken to hospital for treatment.

Israel's army said in a statement that shots were fired at Israeli soldiers while arresting a "wanted terror activist."

"The wanted suspect was injured, evacuated by military forces for further treatment and later died of his wounds in an Israeli Hospital," the statement said.

Local sources said that Israeli forces killed one of al-Tubasi's brothers in 2006. He was allegedly active in Islamic Jihad.

Mustafa said that after the incident, the Israeli soldiers were shooting so much tear gas that schools in and around the camp had to close and send students back to their homes. "This is it," he added, speaking about the intent of the Israeli military that had left three dead in the refuge camp this month, "they come and they want to kill... they want to come and tease people so they can have reaction and there are many people now saying that this could be the opening of the 3rd intifada."

The killing of Islam al-Tubasi is the latest in a string of violent incidents in refugee camps in recent weeks.

On August 26, Israeli security forces shot dead three people and wounded 19 during fierce clashes that lasted for hours in the Qalandiya camp.

The week before, Israeli troops shot dead one man and wounded two during an operation to arrest an alleged Palestinian militant in Jenin camp.

Last week soldiers and Palestinians exchanged fire at the Balata camp, in Nablus, as troops escorted Jewish worshippers to a to a flashpoint shrine there.

There were no fatalities in that incident, but four Palestinians were wounded, two by live fire and two by rubber-coated bullets, Palestinian medical sources said.

Mustafa said that after the incident, the Israeli soldiers were shooting so much tear gas that schools in and around the camp had to close and send students back to their homes.

"This is it," he added, speaking about the intent of the Israeli military that had left three dead in the refuge camp this month, "they come and they want to kill... they want to come and tease people so they can have reaction and there are many people now saying that this could be the opening of the 3rd intifada."

MILITARY RESISTANCE BY EMAIL

If you wish to receive Military Resistance immediately and directly, send request to contact@militaryproject.org. There is no subscription charge.

Noted Palestinian Human
Rights Lawyer Jailed:
"Like Many Palestinians Captured
At The 'Container,' Has Not Been
Charged With Any Crime"
"Palestinians Held In Administrative
Detention Do Not Have The Right To
Know What Evidence Is Presented
Against Them, What Suspicions Are
Levied On Them, Or How Long They
Will Be Locked Up"
"A Legal Researcher Was Held In

"A Legal Researcher Was Held In Administrative Detention Until Finally Charged After One Year With 'Prisoner Solidarity And Support'"



Human rights attorney Anas Barghouti, held without charge in Israeli administrative detention.

Under military code the Israelis can pass new restrictions without disclosing them to Palestinians, which leads to the occupied West Bank residents breaking tenets they did not know existed.

September 19, 2013 by Allison Deger, Mondoweiss

As far as anyone knows human rights defender Anas Barghouti will finally find out why he was jailed when he goes to trial early next week.

He was arrested last Sunday at a checkpoint near Bethlehem ominously referred to by locals as the "container" because it has a reputation of soldiers holding, then transporting Palestinians—often landing them in an Israeli prison.

This is what happened to Barghouti.

He was taken to an Israeli detention facility, then another one for questioning — a fact that is further confused because Barghouti, like many Palestinians captured at the "container," has not been charged with any crime.

And Barghouti himself is a prominent attorney, having built a reputation representing Palestinian political prisoners incarcerated by the Palestinian Authority. He is also a staple activist in Ramallah, a regular at protests for Gaza, or against negotiations.

"He really is a human rights defender," said colleague Randa Wahbe, an advocacy officer at the prisoner rights legal group Addameer. "He is well loved and he is constantly working" in both a private practice as pro-bono with Addameer.

Addameer, Barghouti's former employer released a statement yesterday with details on his whereabouts:

"Bargouthi is currently being held in a detention and interrogation center in Etzion settlement in the southern West Bank, where he is being held in inhumane conditions. In the first 36 hours of his detention, he was only given two meals, not allowed to shower, change his clothing or given any personal hygiene products."

What's unclear is why the advocate is sharing the fate of his clients. When I spoke to Addameer, they just didn't have any more details other than his court date. "We don't know anything else," said Wahbe.

Palestinians held in administrative detention do not have the right to know what evidence is presented against them, what suspicions are levied on them, or how long they will be locked up.

Even more, under military code the Israelis can pass new restrictions without disclosing them to Palestinians, which leads to the occupied West Bank residents breaking tenets they did not know existed.

Such was the case with a colleague of Barghouti, Ayman Nasser, a legal researcher who was held in administrative detention until he was finally charged after one year with "prisoner solidarity and support."

Nasser was sentenced to 13 months prison.

The judge said it was because he attended a demonstration for the then hungerstriking prisoners.

Yet at the time when I interviewed his co-workers and legal defense team, they said during interrogation the Israeli authorities mostly asked Nasser about his job.

In court Nasser objected. "I am a human rights defender who supports the Palestinian prisoners," he said noting that he was ostensibly being punished for NGO work, political NGO work, but advocacy nonetheless. "I represent my opinions in the public media. My thoughts are not secret, they are public, and everyone knows them."

Then a few months later under the cover of night the Israeli military raided Addameer's office in the upscale Ramallah neighborhood of Masyoun.

Barghouti will appear at Ofer military court on Sunday, perhaps then he will know what offense is being leaned against him.

Injured Palestinian Construction Worker Dragged Onto Sidewalk To Die:

Thrown Away "Like A Dog" "The Contractor Did Not Even Try To Resuscitate Him Or Call For Help" "A Passerby Found His Body In The Morning"

September 18, 2013 by IMEMC & Agencies

A Palestinian worker working for an Israeli contractor, without work permit, was seriously injured at a renovation site in Tel Aviv, and instead for calling for professional medical help, the Israeli contractor dragged him onto the ground and left him to die on the sidewalk.

Israeli daily, Haaretz, has reported that the Palestinian man, identified as Ehsan Abu Srour, 54, from the Askar refugee camp, in the northern West Bank city of Nablus, suffered serious injuries and was abandoned by the contractor, who did not even try to resuscitate him or call for help.

Haaretz said that the man died on the sidewalk in an area south of Tel Aviv, and that a passerby found his body in the morning. The body was then moved to Ichilov Hospital in the city.

The deceased, was left without any help until a teacher, identified as Nicolas Cascallar, tried to resuscitate him after he noticed that he was alive but in a very serious condition. He told Haaretz that liquids were coming out of the mouth of the Palestinian worker.

Talking to Haaretz, several eyewitnesses said that they saw the contractor arriving at the construction site, and that after he saw that the man was seriously injured, he and two other workers, dragged him to the sidewalk where they left him for dead.

Another witness said that he shouted at the contractor and the workers after they threw the seriously injured man onto the sidewalk, and that he even saw the injured worker in the construction site just a few minutes before he was injured.

He also said that anther witnesses even suggested calling for an ambulance, tried to give them their phones to call 911, but the contractor just locked the apartment and told his workers to run away.

Haaretz added that a Palestinian worker, identified as Hussam Faraji, told their reporter that he has been working for the Israeli contractor for a long time, and has been working that site for about a week.

He said that it seems that the worker was working with a hammer, and apparently something fell on him causing serious injuries, and that he witnessed the contractor and two other workers carrying the worker by the hands and feet before they threw him onto the opposite side.

The worker told Haaretz that he confronted the contractor, telling him that he should call for an ambulance, try to save the man, "instead of just throwing him like a dog, but he locked the site and escaped".

Talking to Haaretz, the Israeli contractor denied the "allegation" and said that he gave testimony to the Police in which he said that "he tried to resuscitate the man for about an hour", and that he has no connection to the apartment where the accident happened.

However, Faraji said that the man has been working for the contractor for over a week.

The contractor initially denied knowing the man, but later said the worker came to the site only to offer a price estimate.

Samah Sabawi: Poetry Of Resistance

September 20, 2013 Poems of Samah Sabawi, presented by DOUGLAS VALENTINE, Counterpunch [Excerpts]

Words!

I stand dispossessed

No congress behind me

No statesmen surround me

No lobby to breathe hellfire

No media eager to appease

No three-ring circus

Of intellectual jesters

Academic clowns

And policy experts Who truly do not see the big elephant in the room No legal acrobats Dance for me On a thin rope of decency No politicians Juggle oppression And human rights On my behalf No trips to boost careers For MPs and their wives No propaganda movies No radio broadcasts No myths No lies No hasbaranites No army, No country Not even one leader To believe in All I have are my words To tell my story My voice To demand justice

But you tell me
My language is too strong
Naksa
Forced exile
Ethnic cleansing
Apartheid
Words
Carefully chosen
Purposely uttered
These are the words
That lay the foundation
Of the language of my liberation
While speaking and writing
While speaking and writing

I am more than demography I'm neither your collaborator Nor your enemy
I am more than demography I'm neither your collaborator Nor your enemy I am not your moderate
I am more than demography I'm neither your collaborator Nor your enemy I am not your moderate Not your terrorist
I am more than demography I'm neither your collaborator Nor your enemy I am not your moderate Not your terrorist Not your fundamentalist
I am more than demography I'm neither your collaborator Nor your enemy I am not your moderate Not your terrorist Not your fundamentalist Islamist
I am more than demography I'm neither your collaborator Nor your enemy I am not your moderate Not your terrorist Not your fundamentalist Islamist Extremist

Letters and syllables

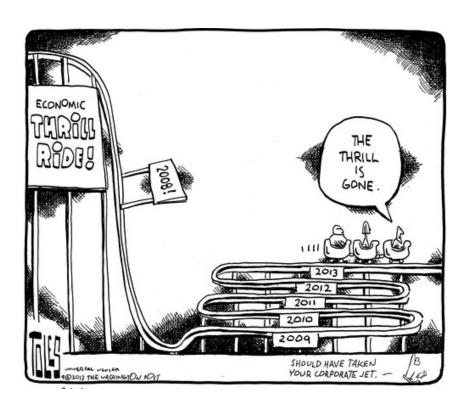
I will construct my own language

And will defeat your words of power

With the power of my words

[To check out what life is like under a murderous military occupation commanded by foreign terrorists, go to: www.rafahtoday.org The occupied nation is Palestine. The foreign terrorists call themselves "Israeli."]

CLASS WAR REPORTS



TROOPS INVITED:

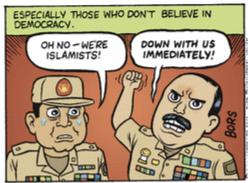
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DANGER: POLITICIANS AT WORK









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The pages and pages of letters in the paper from troops in Vietnam condemning the war are lost to history, but you can find them here.

Military Resistance has copied complete sets of Vietnam GI. The originals were a bit rough, but every page is there. Over 100 pages, full 11x17 size.

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